



# IOT BASED IDENTIFICATION OF DISEASE AFFECTED FOR RICE LEAVES USING IMAGE PROCESSING

R.Triveni<sup>1</sup>, J.Ashalatha<sup>2</sup>, B.Bavitha<sup>3</sup>, V.AParna<sup>4</sup>, K.Navaneetha<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Associate Professor, Dept of ECE, Aditya college of Engineering, Madanapalle

## Abstract

Most of the Indian's GDP comes from the agriculture. In that agriculture paddy is the main crop because rice is important to live the people. In the paddy field mainly the disease occur in the leaves due to the insufficient nutrients. Due to insufficient of nutrients whole crop is damaged. To identify the disease in two way one is using sensors, two is using image processing.

In this paper, we can use the MATLAB for gives the disease occur in the leaf. we can take two nutrients that are nitrogen and magnesium. we are observe the four diseases are sheath blight, rice blast, brown spot, bacterial blight. In that we are using GUI to produce the output in the pc. Then the output is given to nodemcu to send the classification of disease and effected region % to the mobile

**Keywords:** Water Management; Agriculture; Irrigation; Image Processing; Nutrient Detection; Automation; NodeMCU; Mobile.

## I. INTRODUCTION

India is blessed with a large chunk of cultivable land, but the output produced does not do justice to the country's potential. The World Bank data reveals that around 60% of the land is under cultivation. The use of technology in agriculture is on the rise, but a large portion of agriculture, especially irrigation remains a manual exercise. It is known that the output of a plant depends on various factors. The availability of optimum quantity of water is highly imperative in this regard. Interaction with farmers and agricultural enthusiasts revealed that the existing automated

irrigation facilities are expensive and in accurate to some extent. Then send the data to the mobile by using NodeMCU.

## II. COMPONENTS

The components used this project is given below

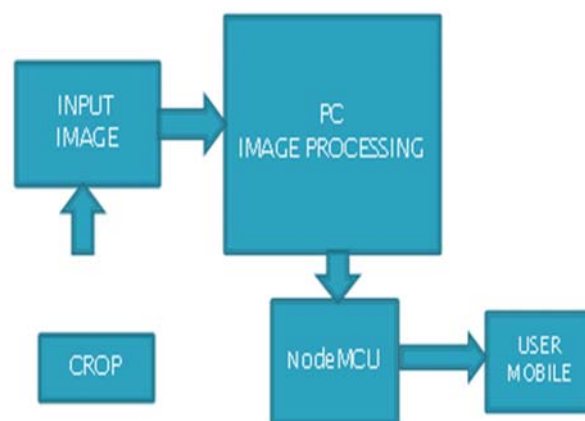


FIGURE 1: BLOCK DIAGRAM

### • Node MCU:

It is an open source of IOT platform. It includes the firmware with the microcontroller of ESP8266. It consists 1 analog and 8 digital pins. It introduced the Espressif company. It is used as a wifi module to send the information to the user.



FIGURE 2: NodeMCU

### III. PROPOSED MODEL

The input image is captured by using mobile camera and save it in one folder. The image is given to the MATLAB.



Figure 3: INPUT IMAGE

By using GUI to create the blocks for the input image, enhanced image, and segmented image. After that, the classification of the result, affected region %, and accuracy.

The parameters calculated are mean, variance, Smoothness, Entropy, S.D, RMS, Kurtosis, Skewness, IDM, Contrast, Correlation, Energy.

The segmentation is done by using the K-means clustering algorithm. In that algorithm, we can separate the image into k clusters and select one centroid to cluster the image. In this paper, we can take three clusters. Then we select the ROI. In that we select ROI is 2 for the better result. If we select 1, it is not segmented properly. In the second cluster, only it is segmented properly. In the third cluster, the total leaf color is changed as shown in figure 4.

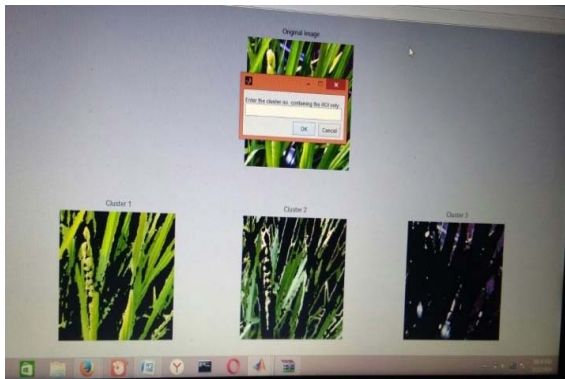


FIGURE 4: Clustering images and Select ROI

After selecting the ROI, it is used to calculate the classification of the result. At that time, it produces both classification of the result and the calculated parameters as shown in figure 5.



FIGURE 5: Disease Display

By using GUI, the user can identify the result very easily. After that, the result is sent to a mobile as an SMS containing data classification results and affected region % by using the nodeMCU, Blynk, and Arduino app on the mobile.

### IV. RESULTS

The captured image from the mobile data is compared with the healthy leaf. Then we get the affected area by changing the color of the image. Based on the change of color on the leaf and bacteria presented on the leaf, it is observed. In this paper, we take four diseases: 'Bacterial Blight', 'Brown Spot', 'Rice Blast', and 'Sheath Blight'.

The disease is classified based on the parameters. The parameters are changed based on the disease. After classification, it calculates the affected region in %. Then it calculates the accuracy compared with 500 iterations.

Then we send two parameters: the classification of the result and the affected region in % to the mobile by using Arduino software and Blynk app. The final SMS on the mobile is shown in figure

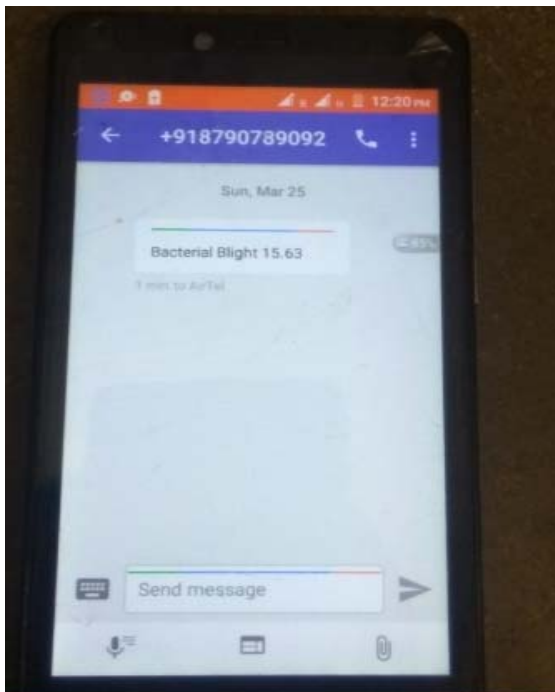


FIGURE 8:OUTPUT SMS

## V. CONCLUSION

The development phase of the prototype IOT based intelligent Irrigation system with Nutrient and disease analysis explained in this paper. With the current setup, irrigation becomes smarter and flexible to do the agriculture who are far away from the field and reduce the usage of manual labours.

In future we can use this procedure because now a days the camera is set as a movable camera and the input to the image processing is given automatically then it is more use full to the agriculture field. By changing the nutrient values and parameter it is also used for all the leaves.

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